

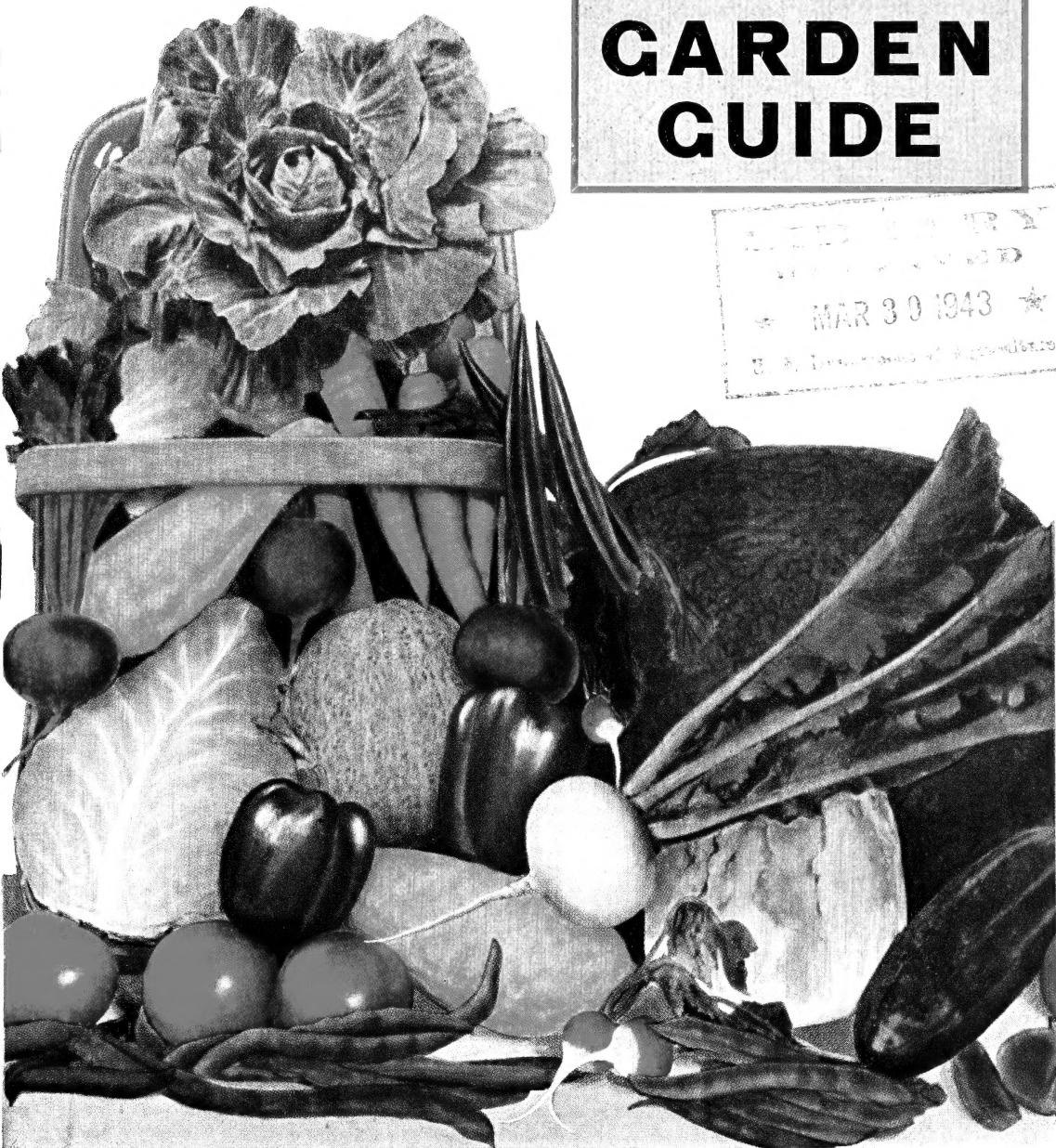
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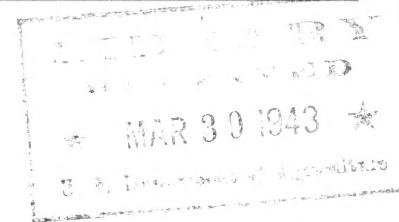
Our 50th Year

1893-1943



LOHRMAN'S 1943

VICTORY GARDEN GUIDE



LOHRMAN SEED COMPANY

MACOMB at BRUSH, DETROIT, MICH. PHONE: Randolph 1701

VEGETABLES

that will pay the best dividends



ASPARAGUS

One packet of seed will produce 50 plants; one ounce, 250 plants; 25 roots will plant a row of 25 feet

CULTURE (SEED): Sow in early spring, as soon as soil can be worked, 1 inch deep in drills 1 foot apart. When started, thin out to 3 inches apart. When plants are one year old transplant to permanent beds.

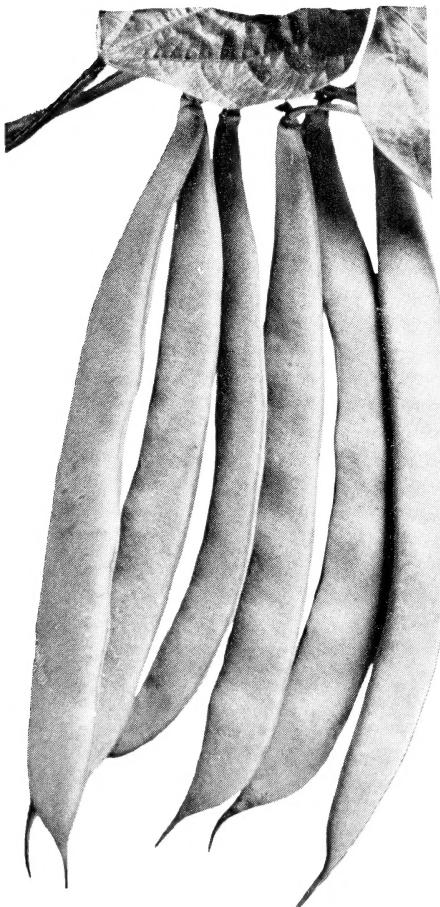
CULTURE (ROOTS): Trench rows 1½ feet deep. Work manure through the soil. Set the plants 15 to 20 inches apart in rows 24 to 30 inches apart. Take care that the roots are well spread and set at a depth of 8 to 10 inches below the level of the bed. Cover 2 inches and fill in gradually as the plants grow.

MARY WASHINGTON. Rust-resistant. Introduced by Prof. Norton of the U. S. Dept. of Agriculture. The best variety for the home garden or commercial grower. The stalks are very thick and grow unusually tall without branching. The color is deep green with purple tips.

SEEDS: Pkt. 10c; oz. 25c; ¼lb. 75c. ROOTS: 2-year-old strong plants that will make you a bountiful crop the second year. Doz. 60c; \$1.00 for 25; \$1.75 for 50; \$3.00 for 100.

BEANS

One packet will sow a row of 20 feet; one pound, 100 feet



Green-Pod Bush Bean, Plentiful

Grow plenty of Beans! "Snap" or "String" Beans are among the most satisfactory vegetables to grow in the home garden. With little work and little room they'll easily produce all the fresh Beans required for summer eating and for canning.

BUSH BEANS

CULTURE: Plant in April when ground is warm, and at two-week intervals until August. Rows should be 1½ to 2 feet apart and the Beans sown 4 to 6 inches apart and 2 inches deep in the rows. Keep well cultivated and when soil is dry, draw the earth up to the stems.

Green-Pod Bush Beans

PLENTIFUL. Rust-resistant. Ready to pick in about 49 days. The earliest and best flat, long-podded everbearing variety—absolutely stringless. Very early; excellent quality; delicious flavor; big yielder. Although comparatively new, this variety has been widely distributed, and we have yet to hear anything but praise about its fine quality. It is an ideal Snap Bean, producing a fine crop of flat, straight, solid, fleshy pods averaging 6½ inches long, wonderfully tender and brittle. The flavor is most delicious, while the delicate green color of the pods is retained after cooking, adding to its attractiveness when served. The plants are of robust, compact habit, unexcelled in bearing qualities.

Pkt. 15c; ½lb. 30c; lb. 50c; 2 lbs. 90c; 5 lbs. \$2.00.

BOUNTIFUL. Ready to pick in about 48 days. Attractive green pods, 6 to 7 in. long, stout, flat and stringless. An old favorite.

Pkt. 10c; ½lb. 30c; lb. 50c; 2 lbs. 90c; 5 lbs. \$2.00.

TENDERGREEN. Ready to pick in about 52 days. The best round-podded green Bean. If you want really delicious, tender, fine-flavored, early Snap Beans, be sure to plant Tendergreen. The pods are long, round as a pencil, very meaty and of an attractive light green color. They mature early and the vines are exceptionally strong and vigorous. This Bean is outstanding for the large yields of long, straight, tender pods that it produces.

Pkt. 15c; ½lb. 30c; lb. 55c; 2 lbs. \$1.00; 5 lbs. \$2.25.

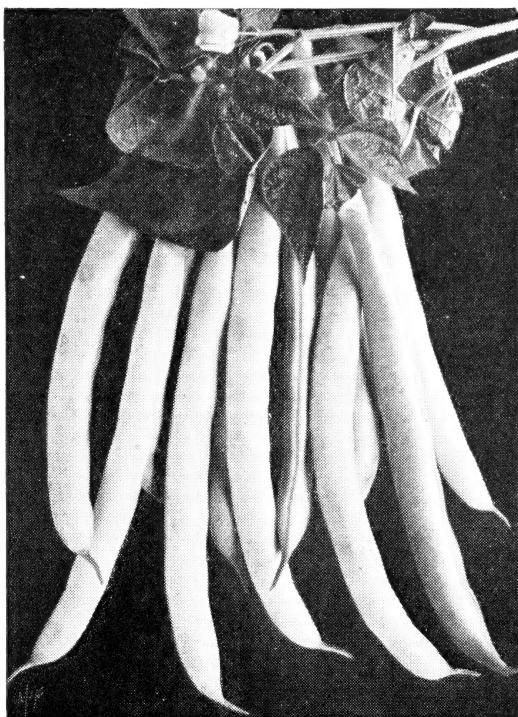
Yellow Wax-Pod Bush Beans

TOPNOTCH GOLDEN WAX. Rust-Resistant. Ready to pick in about 52 days. One of the finest flat-podded Wax Beans in cultivation. Enormous yielder, producing heavy crops of large, attractive pods, whether sown early or late. It has found a very high place in the estimation of both home and market growers. The pods are 5 to 6 inches long, very thick and unusually fleshy. The quality is tender, brittle and entirely without strings or fibers at all stages until maturity, while the color is rich golden yellow.

Pkt. 10c; $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. 30c; lb. 50c; 2 lbs. 90c; 5 lbs. \$2.00

PENCIL-POD WAX. The best round-podded yellow Bean. Ready to pick in about 52 days. This is by far the most popular round-podded wax variety for both home gardens and market. The pods are meaty and have a delicious flavor that surpasses all other yellow Bush Beans. They are 6 to 7 inches long, straight and round, always stringless, tender, very brittle and of the finest quality. The plant is vigorous, early and bears profusely over a long period.

Pkt. 10c; $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. 30c; lb. 50c; 2 lbs. 90c; 5 lbs. \$2.00



Topnotch Golden Wax Beans

GREEN-POD POLE BEANS

One packet will plant 10 hills; 1 pound, 50 hills

CULTURE: These require poles 8 to 10 feet long. Plant in hills 3 to 4 feet apart each way and 1 to 2 inches deep, allowing six seeds to each hill. When well established, thin out to three plants. Do not plant before middle of May.

KENTUCKY WONDER. (Also called **Old Homestead**). Ready to pick in about 65 days. The pods are very long, round, light green, stringless when young and of extremely high quality. The vines are enormously productive, the pods often hanging in great clusters. These Beans mature very early, being among the earliest of the pole varieties.

Pkt. 10c; $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. 30c; lb. 50c; 2 lbs. 90c; 5 lbs. \$2.00

POTOMAC. Bronze Medal Winner, All-America Selections for 1943. Ready to pick in 70 days. Dark green pods, 6 inches long, slender, practically round, meaty, tender and stringless at all stages of its growth. Vines are good climbers, heavy producers of Snap Beans of excellent quality for home or market.

Pkt. 15c; $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. 35c; lb. 65c

BUSH LIMA BEANS

One packet will sow 10 feet; 1 pound, 50 feet

CULTURE: Plant in May when ground is dry and weather warm, in rows 2 feet apart and Beans 10 inches apart. Plant seeds 1 inch deep.

FORDHOOK BUSH. Ready to pick in about 75 days. The earliest, largest-podded and most popular of all Lima Beans. The outstanding sure-crop bush Lima Bean for the entire country. Produces enormous crops of large, fat pods containing 4 to 5 delicious Beans of deep green color. Unexcelled for home use.

Pkt. 15c; $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. 30c; lb. 55c; 2 lbs. \$1.00; 5 lbs. \$2.25

CANGREEN. Honorable Mention, All-America Selections for 1943. Ready to pick in 72 days. It cooks and cans green, which is a distinct advantage for canning and freezing. Preferred by many for the baby butter Lima Beans eaten fresh or dried. Plants are dwarf and prolific; pods flat, with 3 or 4 green Beans of good quality.

Pkt. 15c; $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. 40c; lb. 75c.

POLE LIMA BEAN

One packet will plant 5 hills; 1 pound, 50 hills

CULTURE: Same as Pole Beans.

KING OF THE GARDEN. Ready to pick in about 80 days. This variety produces large, flat pods of good quality, containing 5 or 6 large Beans.

Pkt. 10c; $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. 30c; lb. 50c; 2 lbs. 90c; 5 lbs. \$2.00

EDIBLE SOY BEANS

One packet will sow 20 feet of row; 1 pound, 150 feet

The edible Soy Pean has become increasingly popular in this country because of its high vitamin content and also because it is very high in protein and fat. It is the easiest Bean to grow and yields enormous crops. The Beans may be eaten in the green stage when cooked and served similar to Lima Beans, and also are well liked when dry and roasted in much the same manner as nuts.

CULTURE: Sow in rows 3 feet apart, dropping about six seeds per foot of row. The plants do not require support.

BANSEI. This variety ripens early and is adapted to a wide range of growing conditions. Best for this section. The pod is small, round and yellow. The plants grow about 2 feet high.

Pkt. 10c; $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. 30c; lb. 50c

BEETS

One packet will sow a 15-foot row; 1 ounce, 100 feet

Beets are one of the most satisfactory vegetables to grow in the home garden. A few rows will give you fresh Beets throughout the season. Sow some early in the spring, and again in a few weeks for a succession. It is an excellent plan to make a sowing in July for use in the fall. These young Beets are not only a very welcome addition to your fall vegetables but when put in a pit or root cellar and covered with sand, they will keep in tender condition for use during the winter. The tops will make excellent table greens, cooked like spinach.

CULTURE: Sow in drills 1 inch deep. Space rows 1 to $1\frac{1}{2}$ feet apart. When plants are 3 to 4 inches high, thin out to 2 to 3 inches between plants.

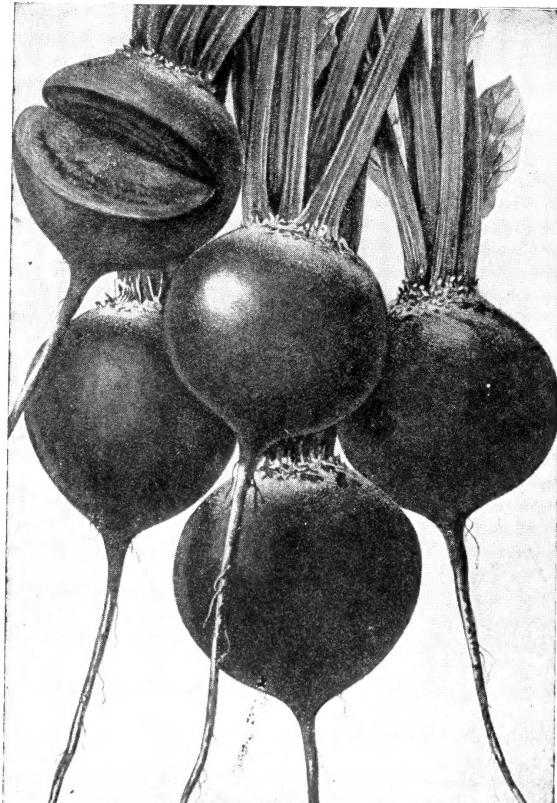
LOHRMAN'S SPECIAL DETROIT DARK RED. Ready to use in about 55 days. The exceptionally fine quality of this Beet has made it one of the most popular kinds for the home and for canning. For fall use in the home garden it has few equals. Seed sown in July will produce beautiful, tender Beets, superior to use in the fall and to store for winter. The Beets are perfectly round (2 $\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 inches in diameter), smooth and uniform, of a solid, rich, deep red throughout.

Pkt. 15c; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. 25c; oz. 45c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. \$1.35

EARLY WONDER (Boston Crosby).

Ready to use in about 50 days. Best for early planting. Roots uniform, nearly globe-shaped, with small top and tap-root. Skin dark red; flesh deep blood-red, with little zoning.

Pkt. 10c; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. 20c; oz. 35c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. \$1.00



Lohrman's Special Detroit Dark Red Beet

BROCCOLI

*One packet will produce 200 plants
1 ounce, 2000 plants*

CULTURE: In sowing the seed, cover lightly with soil. For July crop, sow in hotbeds in March; for Fall crop, sow in open ground in May. Plants should be set out 18 inches apart, in rows 2 feet apart.

ITALIAN GREEN SPROUTING.

Light green, tender sprouts with loose flower-heads like cauliflower.

Pkt. 25c; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. \$1.00; oz. \$1.75.

BRUSSELS SPROUTS

*One packet will produce 200 plants
1 ounce, 2000 plants*

CULTURE: In sowing the seed, cover lightly with soil. Sow in May in the seedbed and set out the plants 2 feet apart, in rows 2 feet apart. Keep well cultivated.

**LONG ISLAND IMPROVED,
SPECIAL STRAIN.** Compact plants, 20 inches tall, with solid, heavy sprouts, 1 $\frac{1}{4}$ to 1 $\frac{1}{2}$ inches in diameter.

Pkt. 25c; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. \$1.00; oz. \$1.65

CABBAGE

One packet will produce about 250 plants; one ounce of seed sown in the open ground will produce 1500 to 2000 plants.

CULTURE: In sowing the seed, cover lightly with soil. For early use, sow in hotbeds in February. Transplant to the open ground when danger of killing frosts has passed, 15 to 18 inches apart in rows 2 to 2½ feet apart. For late Cabbage, sow in the open ground in May. Cabbage succeeds best in a well-manured, deeply dug soil.

GOLDEN ACRE. *Yellows-Resistant.* The earliest Cabbage. Ready to use in about 65 days from plants. Every garden should have some Golden Acre. It is so dependable that growers everywhere recognize it as the most profitable early home and market variety. The heads are of fine quality, round as a ball and very firm. They weigh about 4 or 5 pounds, an ideal size for family use. For tender, delicious, sweet Cabbage, there is no finer type than Golden Acre. The plants make neat, uniform, compact growth, with few outer leaves, which permits them to be set close together.

Pkt. 15c; ½oz. 60c; oz. \$1.00; ¼lb. \$3.00

COPENHAGEN MARKET. *Yellows-Resistant; Special Stock.*

Ready to use in about 80 days from plants. This fine yellows-resistant variety is extremely uniform and most attractive. The heads are of the Copenhagen type, but grow larger and mature about two weeks later than Golden Acre.

Pkt. 15c; ½oz. 60c; oz. \$1.00; ¼lb. \$3.00

WISCONSIN HOLLANDER NO. 8.

Ready to use in about 85 days from plants. Splendid late yellows-resistant Cabbage. Heavy yielder. Large, globular, firm heads.

Pkt. 15c; ½oz. 75c; oz. \$1.25; ¼lb. \$3.75



Golden Acre Cabbage

OTHER CABBAGE

CHIEFTAIN SAVOY. Ready to use in about 88 days from plants. The best of the Savoy type for general use. Heads nearly round, full, and hard; of good quality.

Pkt. 15c; ½oz. 60c; oz. \$1.00; ¼lb. \$3.00

MAMMOTH RED ROCK. Ready to use in about 80 days from plants. The largest and best red Cabbage. Heads round, purplish red. An excellent keeper.

Pkt. 15c; ½oz. 75c; oz. \$1.25; ¼lb. \$3.85

CHINESE. More nearly resembles Cos lettuce than Cabbage. The seed should be sown not earlier than the first of July, in rows 2½ feet apart and the plants thinned to 18 to 20 inches apart. Sow seed about ½ inch deep (a packet to 50 feet of drill).

CHIHLI. Ready to use in about 70 days. Early and very sure heading; crisp, tender and sweet.

Pkt. 15c; ½oz. 45c; oz. 75c; ¼lb. \$2.25

We will have Cabbage Plants available about May 10

CAULIFLOWER

One packet will produce 150 plants; 1 ounce, 3000 plants

CULTURE: Sow the seed in hotbeds in March, and when large enough, transplant 3 inches apart. When hard frosts are over, plant outdoors 1½ to 2 feet apart in rows 2 to 2½ feet apart. For late crop, sow seed in June.

LOHRMAN'S SNOWCAP. Ready to use in about 100 days from setting plants. Surest header for early and late planting. Green leaves do not grow up through the heads. It is very heavy, with a deep head and fine texture.

Pkt. 25c; ¼oz. \$2.15; ½oz. \$3.60; oz. \$6.00

We will have Cauliflower plants available about May 10.

CARROTS

One packet will sow 20 feet of row; 1 ounce, 100 feet



Red-cored Chantenay Carrot

Modern Carrots are a really delicious vegetable eaten either cooked or raw. A few rows will supply all you want, as you can thin out the small ones for early use and let the rest grow for Fall and Winter. Carrots can be sown from early Spring to the middle of Summer. The earlier they are sown, the larger the crop as a rule, but late sowings produce nice Carrots for fall. If Carrots are sown in August, they will produce roots about the size of one's finger. These are extremely delicious eaten raw or cooked whole with butter sauce.

CULTURE: Sow in April in rows 1 to $1\frac{1}{2}$ feet apart. Cover seed about $\frac{1}{2}$ inch deep, and thin out plants to stand 2 to 3 inches apart.

RED-CORED CHANTENAY. Ready to use in about 70 days. The deep orange color of the flesh extends right down through the center. Because of the fine quality, uniform deep color and high yield, this smooth-rooted variety is very popular with canners. For the home garden, it is especially valuable, as it succeeds under a wide range of conditions and does not require as deeply plowed soil as some of the longer kinds. Excellent for Winter storing.

Pkt. 15c; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. 40c; oz. 65c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. \$2.00

SUPREME HALF LONG. Coreless. Ready to use in about 75 days. A fine home and market variety. The roots are tapering, slightly stump-rooted, and grow about an inch longer than our Chantenay. The flesh is smooth, of fine quality and deep orange in color throughout, as there is practically no core. The tops are fairly small. Excellent for Winter storing.

Pkt. 15c; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. 50c; oz. 85c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. \$2.50

CELERY *One packet will produce about 200 plants; 1 ounce, 3000 plants*

CULTURE: Sow the seed in hotbeds in March or outside in April. The seed should be covered very lightly. When about 3 inches high, transplant 4 inches apart and let grow until wanted for transplanting out into beds or trenches in June. Plant 4 to 8 inches apart in rows 18 to 36 inches apart. As the plants grow, they should be earthed up, care being taken not to let the earth get into the heart. For keeping over the Winter, bank up with earth and cover with litter to keep out the frost.

FLORIDA GOLDEN (Yellows-resistant Golden Plume). A taller selection from Golden Plume with larger and thicker stems. Matures early. Shows considerable resistance to fusarium wilt and root-rot.

Pkt. 25c; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. 55c; oz. 90c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. \$2.75

UTAH (also called **Salt Lake**). The best green Celery. The stalks are large, yet tender, with very little fiber and a thick, well-developed heart. This variety blanches very easily and when blanched is pure white, crisp, brittle and of a delicious flavor. The stalks keep well; recommended for Winter storage.

Pkt. 25c; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. 55c; oz. 90c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. \$2.75

CELERİAC (Turnip-rooted or Knob Celery)

CULTURE: Sow the seed the same as celery. Transplant 8 inches apart in rows 2 feet apart. No earthing up is required, as the roots are the edible part.

GIANT SMOOTH PRAGUE. Tender white flesh.

Pkt. 15c; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. 45c; oz. 75c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. \$2.25

CELTUCE

One packet will sow 20 feet; 1 ounce, 200 feet

CULTURE: Same as Lettuce.

Ready to pick in about 90 days. Belongs to the lettuce family but is entirely different in its growth and use. When plants are young they may be used as greens, but its chief value is in its stalks, which can be eaten raw like celery or cooked like asparagus.

Pkt. 15c; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. 35c; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. 65c; oz. \$1.25

SWEET CORN

One packet will plant about 20 hills; 1 pound, 100 hills

CULTURE: Sow the seed in May after the ground becomes warm, 1 inch deep, in rows 3 feet apart, and thin out plants to stand 1 foot apart in rows, or in hills 3 feet apart each way. Sow six to eight grains to a hill and thin out to three plants. Plant every two weeks until mid-July.

GOLDEN BANTAM.

America's favorite Sweet Corn. Ready to pick in about 80 days. The plants are 5 to 6½ feet tall, and the slender ears, 5½ to 6½ inches long, with only 8 rows of even, broad, moderately deep golden kernels of the most delicious flavor. For quality, it cannot be surpassed. If you want a larger ear, if you want an earlier Corn, or a more productive one, we have varieties and hybrids for your needs, but if you want the best and sweetest for your table, plant true 8-rowed Golden Bantam. It is always the first real Sweet Corn demanded in market, and it is undoubtedly the most popular with the home gardener.

Pkt. 10c; ½lb. 30c; lb. 50c; 2 lbs. 90c; 5 lbs. \$2.00

GOLDEN CROSS BANTAM.

Wilt-Resistant—High-Yielding—Uniform. Ready to pick in 84 days. One of the first hybrids introduced and now the standard of excellence in Sweet Corn. The ears are extremely attractive, about 8 inches long, nearly cylindrical in shape, with 12 rows of golden yellow kernels. The tender grains have unusual depth and perfectly delicious flavor. Matures 4 to 7 days later than Golden Bantam, a large part of the crop ripening over a short period of time, but the ears hold their fine quality and tenderness longer than any kind we know. It is entirely resistant to Stewart's disease (wilt).

Pkt. 20c; ½lb. 45c; lb. 75c; 2 lbs. \$1.40; 5 lbs. \$3.25

CHARLEVOIX.

Ready to pick in 86 days. Ears 6½ to 7 inches long, unusually sweet and tender. Kernels light yellow.

Pkt. 10c; ½lb. 30c; lb. 50c; 2 lbs. 90c; 5 lbs. \$2.15

MARCROSS.

Wilt-resistant Hybrid. Ready to pick in 75 days. The ears are 6½ to 8 inches long, with 12 to 16 rows of large, sweet yellow kernels. Grows 4 to 6 feet high. A most productive variety for the home garden. Resistant to Stewart's disease (wilt).

Pkt. 20c; ½lb. 45c; lb. 75c; 2 lbs. \$1.40; 5 lbs. \$3.25

LATE CORN

STOWELL'S EVERGREEN.

Ready to pick in 88 days. White ears 8 to 9 inches long, 16 to 18-rowed.

Pkt. 10c; ½lb. 30c; lb. 50c; 2 lbs. 90c; 5 lbs. \$2.15

COLLARDS

One packet will produce 200 plants; 1 ounce, 3000 plants

CULTURE: Same as Cabbage.

GEORGIA.

Ready to pick in 80 days from plants. Produces a loose rosette of large, succulent, cabbage-like leaves which make delicious boiling "greens." Popular in the South; deserves to be better known everywhere. 2 to 3 feet tall.

Pkt. 10c; oz. 20c; ¼lb. 60c

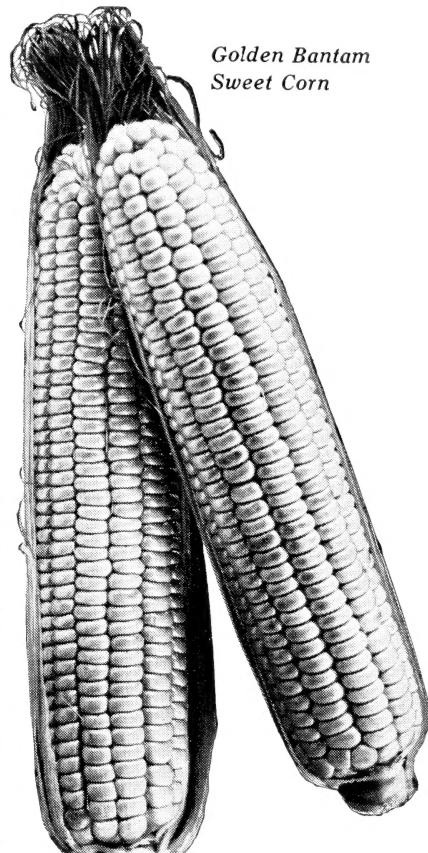
VICTORY GARDEN FERTILIZER

Contains all the Food Elements Required for Quality Vegetables

A special formula authorized by the Government authorities for use on gardens where vegetables are grown. 3% Nitrogen, 8% Phosphoric Acid, 7% Potash.

A perfectly balanced, complete fertilizer, free from objectionable odor, which contains all the food elements essential to plant-life. Its use insures strong, healthy vegetation. It should be applied after plowing or digging and just before harrowing or raking, at the rate of ¾ to 1 ton to the acre or 10 lbs. for plot 10 x 20, or 200 square feet. A light top-dressing applied at intervals while the crop is growing will prove advantageous.

5 lbs. 50c; 10 lbs. 80c; 25 lbs. \$1.50; 50 lbs. \$2.50; 100 lbs. \$4.00



Golden Bantam
Sweet Corn

CRESS, Curled or Garden

Used with lettuce for garnishing.

Pkt. 15c; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. 60c; oz. \$1.00; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. \$3.00

CUCUMBERS

One packet of seed will plant 20 hills; 1 ounce, about 80 hills

CULTURE: Sow outdoors after the middle of May, using eight to ten seeds to every hill. When the second set of leaves is formed, thin out to four plants to a hill. The hills should be $1\frac{1}{2}$ feet in diameter and 4 feet apart. A few hills in the home garden will supply an abundance of cucumbers and pickles. For the best results fruit should be kept picked.

LOHRMAN'S SPECIAL. Ready to pick in 68 days. A streamlined dark green variety producing a fine long slender Cucumber of beautiful color and shape. The fruits are very smooth and straight, usually over 8 inches long, and have a rich dark green skin and dark green rays. The fine color holds up for a long time after picking. The flesh is thick, crisp and delicious. Altogether one of the most attractive Cucumbers grown, and highly popular for both home and market. White spined.

Pkt. 10c; oz. 45c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. \$1.35

STAYSGREEN. Ready to pick in 60 days. Fruits 8 inches long, $2\frac{1}{2}$ inches thick, rich dark green, retaining the color after picking; white spined. Splendid for dill pickles.

Pkt. 10c; oz. 45c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. \$1.35

NATIONAL PICKLING. Ready to pick in about 50 days. A particularly uniform variety with straight, symmetrical fruits, full at the ends.

Pkt. 10c; oz. 45c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. \$1.35

EGGPLANT

One packet will produce 100 plants; 1 ounce, 1000 plants

CULTURE: Sow seed in hotbed in March. When plants are 3 inches high, transplant to small pots. Set plants in open ground about May 20, 2 feet apart in rows and 3 feet between rows.

BLACK BEAUTY. Ready to pick in 80 days from plants. The best home and market-garden variety. The large fruits are smooth, uniform, very rich dark purple.

Pkt. 15c; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. 60c; oz. \$1.00; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. \$3.00

We will have plants of Black Beauty Eggplant available about May 10.

ENDIVE

One packet will sow a row of 20 feet; 1 ounce, 200 feet

CULTURE: Sow seed $\frac{1}{2}$ to 1 inch deep, after April 15 for early use, June and July for late use. When plants are 3 inches high, thin out to 1 foot apart. When nearly full grown, they must be blanched by tying the leaves loosely together, when plants are quite dry.

GREEN CURLED SUMMER. Ready to use in 70 days. Standard variety for fall and winter.

Pkt. 10c; oz. 30c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 85c

KALE

One packet will sow a row of 30 feet; 1 ounce, 200 feet

CULTURE: Sow when the ground is warm in May, $\frac{1}{2}$ to 1 inch deep. Thin out plants to 18 inches apart in rows 2 feet apart. For early Spring use, sow in August and September and protect during the winter.

DWARF GREEN CURLED SCOTCH. Ready to use in 55 days from plants. Vitamin-rich greens.

Pkt. 15c; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. 30c; oz. 50c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. \$1.50



Dill



Thyme

HERBS

Every garden should have a few Herbs. Sow early in Spring; cover lightly.

BASIL, SWEET. Used for flavoring soups and sauces. 2 feet.

BORAGE. Leaves are used to give a cucumber-like taste in salads.

CARAWAY. Seed is used for baking purposes.

DILL. Used for flavoring cucumber pickles.

FLORENCE FENNEL. The roots are boiled, also used as salad.

SAGE. Perennial. Used for dressings and seasoning.

SAVORY, SUMMER. Annual. For flavoring soups and dressings.

SWEET MARJORAM. Annual. Aromatic; used as seasoning.

THYME. Perennial. Used for seasoning soups and sauces.

All above Herbs, pkt. 15c.

KOHLRABI

One packet will sow a row of 20 feet
1 ounce, 200 feet

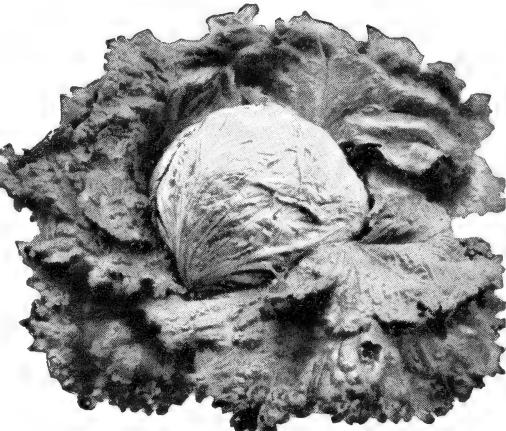
CULTURE: Sow outdoors about April 15, in rows 2 feet apart and cover seed with $\frac{1}{2}$ inch of soil. When well up, thin to 8 inches apart in the row.

EARLY WHITE VIENNA. Ready to use in 60 days. Light green skin; creamy white flesh. Pkt. 15c; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. 90c; oz. \$1.50

LEEK One packet will sow a row of 20 feet
1 ounce, 200 feet

CULTURE: Sow in April, $\frac{1}{2}$ inch deep, in drills $1\frac{1}{2}$ feet apart and thin plants to stand 3 inches apart. Draw up earth as plants grow, in order to produce the white stalks.

EMPEROR. Ready to use in 85 days. Mild onion flavor. The best variety. Pkt. 20c; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz. 75c; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. \$1.25; oz. \$2.15



Imperial 847 Lettuce

LETTUCE

One packet will sow about 30 feet of row; 1 ounce, 200 feet.

Even the smallest home garden can easily grow plenty of Lettuce. By making successive sowings until July 1, then again when the weather gets cooler in August, you can have a supply of these delightful greens throughout the season.

CULTURE: Sow thinly in the Spring as soon as the soil can be worked, in rows 1 to $1\frac{1}{2}$ feet apart, and cover with $\frac{1}{2}$ inch of fine soil. Thin heading varieties to stand 1 foot apart; loose-leaf or cutting varieties, 4 to 6 inches apart. Lettuce grows best during the cool seasons of the year, and in a rich, moist, cool soil.

LOOSE-LEAF LETTUCE

BLACK-SEEDED SIMPSON. One of the best loose-leaf varieties for the home garden. It is of excellent quality, forming a large bunch of curled, crisp and very tender leaves. The leaves can be used from the time the plants are small. We recommend it highly.

Pkt. 10c; oz. 30c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 85c

GRAND RAPIDS. The most popular curled-leaf Lettuce for forcing. This variety also does well outdoors and is a popular kind for home gardens. Very uniform in color and well curled.

Pkt. 10c; oz. 30c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 85c

CRISP HEADING LETTUCE

IMPERIAL 847. Ready to use in 83 days. This variety is the finest and most dependable Iceberg Lettuce. Under almost all conditions it makes heads better than any other strain and it stands up well even in hot dry weather. The heads are medium size, slightly flattened in shape and extremely solid. The quality is excellent, with tender crisp leaves and beautiful hearts that are most delicious.

Pkt. 15c; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. 40c; oz. 65c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. \$2.00

MAY KING. A very early butterhead variety, excellent for early heading. The heads form very quickly, are firm and of fine quality. The plant is small and practically all head. Light green leaves slightly tinted with brown on the edges, very crisp and tender.

Pkt. 10c; oz. 35c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. \$1.00

COS or ROMAINE LETTUCE

WHITE SELF-CLOSING. Ready to use in 77 days. Produces large, compact, upright heads a foot high which blanch perfectly white inside. The flavor is somewhat sweeter than most Lettuce and is considered by many to be the most delicious for salads. The outer leaves are light green and very elongated, making fine firm heads.

Pkt. 10c; oz. 30c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 85c

MUSKMELON

*One packet will plant 20 hills;
1 ounce, 100 hills*

CULTURE: Muskmelons do best in a light or sandy soil in almost any warm, sunny location. Make hills 1 foot in diameter and 5 feet apart each way. When the weather is quite warm, sow 8 to 10 seeds in each hill and cover with $\frac{1}{2}$ inch of fine soil. Thin out to the best three plants.



Honey Rock Muskmelon

HONEY ROCK. Salmon flesh. Ready to use in 85

days. Medium-sized fruit having a gray-green skin with heavy, coarse netting. The deeply colored salmon flesh is deliciously sweet, with a fine, smooth texture and flavor all its own. The fruits are almost round, $5\frac{1}{2}$ inches in diameter, and because of the thick flesh are quite heavy, weighing about 3 pounds each. Well adapted to growing in the home garden. Very productive.

Pkt. 15c; oz. 35c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. \$1.00

BENDER'S SURPRISE. Orange flesh. Ready to use in 90 days. Melons grow 6 to $6\frac{1}{2}$ inches in diameter and $6\frac{1}{2}$ to 7 inches long; moderately ribbed and closely netted. Flesh bright orange in color and delicious in flavor. Heavy yielder. Fruits weigh about 5 pounds.

Pkt. 15c; oz. 35c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. \$1.00

HEARTS OF GOLD. Orange flesh. Ready to use in 90 days. Medium-sized melons of slightly elongated shape, 5 inches in diameter and 6 inches in length, nicely netted and weighing 3 pounds each. The rich, deep orange flesh is of the sweetest flavor, very thick, and ripens close to the rind.

Pkt. 15c; oz. 35c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. \$1.00

MUSTARD

One packet of seed will sow 50 feet of row; 1 ounce, 300 feet

CULTURE: Sow any time from early Spring until Fall in rows 1 foot apart. Cover seed slightly. Thin out plants 5 to 6 inches apart.

FORDHOOK FANCY. Long-standing. This beautifully curled Mustard is very handsome in appearance and of a very mild, pleasant flavor. The leaves are curled and fringed.

Pkt. 10c; oz. 20c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 60c



Brigham Yellow Globe Onion

ONIONS

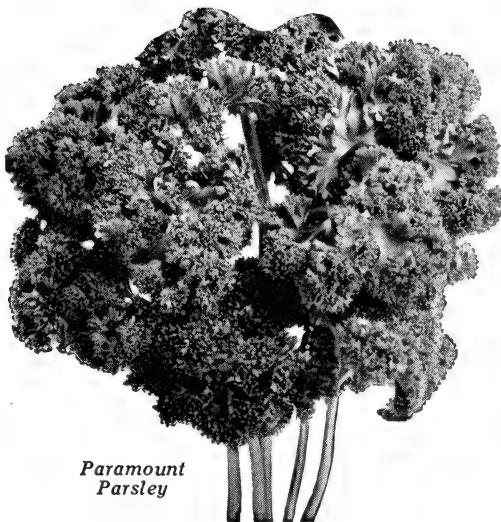
One packet of seed will sow about 25 feet of row; 1 ounce, 100 feet

Onions are raised both from seed and from sets or plants. Seed sown in early Spring produces ripe Onions in the Fall, while sets or plants set out at the same time make green "bunching" Onions in a few weeks and dry ripe Onions in July or August.

CULTURE (Seed): Sow in the early Spring as soon as the ground can be worked, in drills $1\frac{1}{2}$ feet apart and $\frac{1}{2}$ inch deep. Thin out to 3 inches apart, using the discards for green Onions.

BRIGHAM YELLOW GLOBE. True strain. Ready to use in 110 days. This is the best early yellow variety and will produce beautiful large globe Onions even under adverse conditions. The Onions are unusually large, with an attractive deep yellow color and nearly globe shape. They have a fine tight skin which makes them very good keepers. This is the outstanding Onion, a most satisfactory variety for the home garden.

Pkt. 15c; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. 65c; oz. \$1.10



ONION SEED, continued

RIVERSIDE SWEET SPANISH. Large Sweet Onions in your own Garden! Seed sown in the ground in the early Spring will produce magnificent large globe-shaped Onions often weighing a pound or more and of very mild pleasant flavor.

Pkt. 15c; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. \$1.25; oz. \$2.00

WHITE SILVERSKIN. Early flat white Onions of mild flavor. Excellent for pickling and early green Onions.

Pkt. 15c; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. \$1.25; oz. \$2.00

ONION SETS

One quart (1 pound) will set 50 feet of row

CULTURE: Plant in rows 1 to $1\frac{1}{2}$ feet apart, with sets 2 inches apart in the row. Plant 1 inch deep.

It is so easy to raise Onions from sets that they should be grown in every garden. If the sets are put out early in the Spring, nice green Onions can be pulled in a few weeks. The Onion grows large enough to cook about the first of July, and two or three weeks later they are large

and ripe, and can be kept through the Winter if desired. Pull every other one for green Onions in the Spring; leave the rest for boiling Onions. This will give you a continuous supply throughout the Summer.

YELLOW SETS. Lb. 50c; 4 lbs. \$1.85

WHITE SETS. Lb. 60c; 4 lbs. \$2.25

OKRA

One packet will plant 10 hills; 1 ounce, 100 hills

CULTURE: Sow the seed about the middle of May in drills 3 feet apart, 1 inch deep. Thin out to 18 inches apart.

DWARF LONG-POD GREEN. Plants $2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 feet tall. Pods dark green, fleshy and tender.

Pkt. 10c; oz. 15c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 45c

PARSLEY

One packet will sow 30 feet of row; 1 ounce, 200 feet

CULTURE: This seed germinates very slowly. Soak it in warm water for a few hours before planting. Sow in rows 1 foot apart and $\frac{1}{4}$ inch deep; thin out to 4 inches apart.

PARAMOUNT. Produces the most attractive and finest curled Parsley we have ever seen; absolutely uniform. The color is a beautiful rich deep green and there are no flat leaves. This is a superb variety for the home garden.

Pkt. 10c; oz. 25c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 65c

HAMBURG or ROOTED. Roots 8 inches long. Parsnip-shaped, creamy white leaves.

Pkt. 10c; oz. 25c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 65c

PARSNIPS

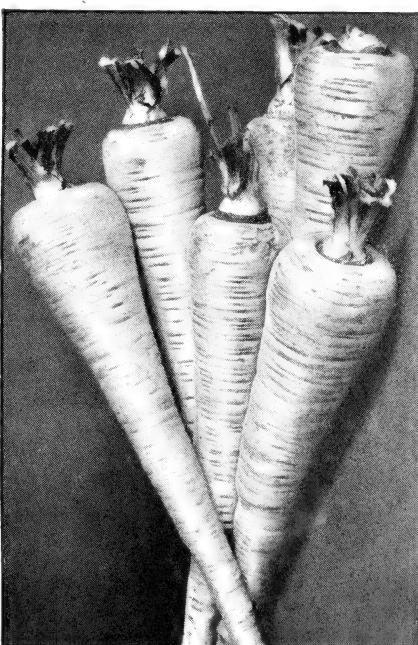
One packet will sow 20 feet of row; 1 ounce, 200 feet

CULTURE: Sow in early Spring as soon as the weather permits, in rows $1\frac{1}{2}$ feet apart. Cover the seed $\frac{1}{2}$ inch and thin out to 4 inches apart.

LOHRMAN'S LEADER—HOLLOW CROWN.

Ready to use in 100 days. These are smooth, snowy white, hollow-crown Parsnips. They are of good length, but not too long, and their smoothness is quite remarkable, giving the roots a very attractive appearance.

Pkt. 10c; oz. 30c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 90c



1893-1943 -- Our 50th Year!

Lohrman's Leader Parsnip

PEAS

One packet will sow about 20 feet of row; 1 pound, 100 feet

For a continuous supply, sow as early in the Spring as the soil can be prepared, then make successive sowings at intervals of ten to fourteen days to June 1, and sow again in August for a fall crop. Provide supports for the tall-growing varieties.

CULTURE: Sow the seed 2 inches deep, 2 inches apart in single rows or 6 inches apart in double rows. Make the rows 3 feet apart.

LITTLE MARVEL. The outstanding early dwarf variety, extremely tender and sweet. Ready to use in 64 days. Stands very long in perfect condition for picking. The plants average 15 to 18 inches high and are of sturdy, even growth. The pods usually grow in pairs, are about 3 inches long, dark green, square-ended and bursting with 7 or 8 plump, slightly flattened, dark green Peas.

Pkt. 10c; $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. 30c; lb. 50c; 2 lbs. 90c; 5 lbs. \$2.00

GIANT-PODDED LAXTONIAN. Ready to use in 66 days. Exceptionally choice, large-podded, early, dwarf Peas for home or market. The dark green vines grow 15 to 18 inches tall and produce a heavy crop of large, straight, pointed, deep green pods, $4\frac{1}{4}$ inches long. Each pod contains 7 or 8 large, sweet, tender, dark green Peas.

Pkt. 10c; $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. 30c; lb. 50c; 2 lbs. 90c; 5 lbs. \$2.00

WORLD'S RECORD (Extra-Early Gradus). Ready to use in 66 days. Much-improved variety, growing about 3 feet tall and bearing an enormous crop of fine pods $3\frac{1}{2}$ inches in length. They are nearly straight, pointed at the tip, medium green, and hold 7 to 9 large, tender Peas of sweet, luscious flavor. Pkt. 10c; $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. 30c; lb. 50c; 2 lbs. 90c; 5 lbs. \$2.00

PEPPERS

One packet will produce about 100 plants; 1 ounce, 1500 plants

CULTURE: Sow the seed in hotbeds in March, and when weather is warm transplant $1\frac{1}{2}$ feet apart in rows 2 feet apart.

CALIFORNIA WONDER (Sweet). Ready to use in 72 days from plants. The ideal stuffing Pepper: good size, blocky form, remarkably thick walls, sweetness, tenderness, and good flavor. Peppers are about 4 inches long and 3 to $3\frac{1}{2}$ inches in diameter, and are borne upright. The skin is very smooth, glossy and green, turning to bright crimson when ripe. Unsurpassed for baking.

Pkt. 15c; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. 60c; oz. \$1.00

We will have California Wonder Pepper plants available about May 10.

LONG RED CAYENNE (Hot). Ready to use in 70 days from plants. A leading variety for use in pickles, for canning and drying. Fruits 5 inches long, $\frac{1}{2}$ inch thick.

Pkt. 15c; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. 45c; oz. 75c

EARLY PIMENTO PEPPER. All-America Bronze Medal Winner, 1943. Ready to use in 65 days from plants. Peppers are heart-shaped, pendent, and when mature are $3\frac{1}{2}$ inches long and $2\frac{1}{2}$ inches in diameter at the top, smooth, dark green, turning bright red when ripe. The flesh is $\frac{1}{4}$ to $\frac{5}{16}$ inch thick—mild at all stages and especially sweet after it has turned red. Most desirable for use both green and red, and for making canned pimientos. One of the earliest of all Peppers.

Pkt. 15c; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz. 60c; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. \$1.00; oz. \$1.85

POTATOES

CULTURE: Potatoes should be cut into 2 to 3-eye pieces. Plant 18 inches apart in the early Spring, in rows 3 feet apart. Cultivate constantly, finally ridging the loose soil against the rows.

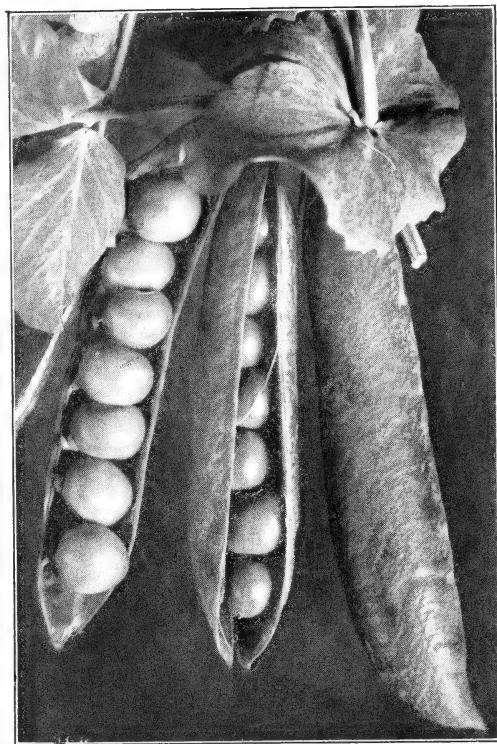
CERTIFIED MICHIGAN-GROWN SEED

EARLY OHIO. First early. Almost round; flesh solid, cooking dry and mealy.

IRISH COBBLER. Second early. Flesh white and of excellent quality. A heavy cropper.

PETOSKEY. Main crop. Fine large main-crop white Potato. Excellent flavor.

KATAHDIN. Late. Introduced by the U. S. Dept. of Agriculture. White, slightly oval in shape, with shallow eyes. Free from mosaic disease.



Little Marvel Peas

PUMPKINS

One packet will plant 5 hills; 1 ounce, 25 hills

CULTURE: Sow about May 15 in hills spaced 8 feet apart each way, and thin out to 3 plants to the hill. Sow 1 inch deep.

LARGE YELLOW or FIELD. Ready to use in about 100 days. Generally used for planting in cornfields for stock-feeding, and also for making pies. Rich orange-yellow flesh.

Pkt. 10c; oz. 15c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 45c

SWEET or SUGAR (New England Pie). Fruits small, round, flattened at the ends; skin and flesh deep orange-yellow.

Pkt. 10c; oz. 15c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 45c



Sugar Pumpkin

RADISHES

One packet will sow 20 feet of row; 1 ounce, 100 feet

CULTURE: Sow the seed as soon as the ground can be worked in early Spring, in rows 12 to 18 inches apart; cover with $\frac{1}{2}$ inch of soil. Sow every two weeks for succession. Radishes should be eaten when quite small.

EARLY SCARLET GLOBE, LOHRMAN'S PREMIUM STRAIN. Ready to use in 23 days. These fine Radishes are round to oval in shape, with brilliant scarlet color and very fine tap-roots. The tops are medium sized and the flesh pure white. A crisp and popular commercial strain for outdoor growing and certainly one of the finest for the home garden. We highly recommend it.

Pkt. 10c; oz. 25c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 65c

EARLY SCARLET WHITE-TIPPED or SPARKLER. Ready to use in 25 days. Round, deep scarlet, shading to a white tip at the bottom. Very early.

Pkt. 10c; oz. 25c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 65c

ICICLE. Ready to use in 22 days. The best early white variety and considered by many the standard of excellence in Radishes. Tops small; roots long, tapered, very white, and brittle as ice; mild and of fine flavor.

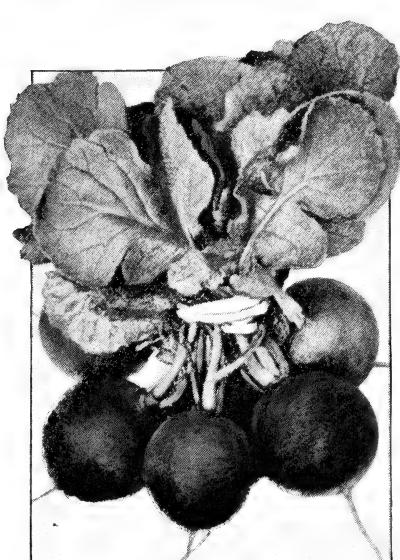
Pkt. 10c; oz. 25c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 65c

RHUBARB ROOTS

MACDONALD ALL-RED. Best variety for the home garden. Market price.

RUTABAGAS

One packet will sow 50 feet; 1 ounce, 200 feet



CULTURE: Rutabagas require a longer season to mature than turnips and are best grown as a fall crop. Sow the seed from late June until early August, in rows 15 to 24 inches apart. Cover with $\frac{1}{2}$ inch of fine soil, and thin the seedlings to stand 6 to 8 inches apart in the row.

LOHRMAN'S NECKLESS AMERICAN PURPLE-TOP. Improved strain without neck. Tops are rather short but roots are good-sized. Flesh yellow and fine grained. Best of all yellow-fleshed varieties.

Pkt. 10c; oz. 35c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. \$1.00

SALSIFY or OYSTER PLANT

One packet will sow 15 feet of row; 1 ounce, 100 feet

CULTURE: Sow in early Spring in rows 1 $\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 feet apart. Cover seed 1 inch. Thin out to 6 inches apart.

MAMMOTH SANDWICH ISLAND. True. Large; fine flavor.

Pkt. 10c; oz. 35c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. \$1.00

SORREL

One packet will sow 20 feet of row; 1 ounce, 100 feet

LARGE BROAD-LEAVED FRENCH. Used as a salad; has an acid flavor. Cut off seed-stalks as they appear.

Pkt. 15c; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. 65c; oz. \$1.15; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. \$3.50



New Zealand Spinach

SPINACH

One packet will sow 20 feet of row; 1 ounce, 100 feet

Spinach is a cool-weather crop and may be sown very early in the Spring. Make successive sowings until early Summer; for Fall use, sow from August 10 to September 15.

CULTURE: Sow early in Spring as soon as ground can be worked, in rows 1 foot apart. Cover seed 1 inch. New Zealand Spinach is entirely distinct, and the seed should be soaked in warm water a few hours before planting. Allow 2 feet between plants and sow about May 15.

LONG-STANDING BLOOMSDALE, or SUMMER SAVOY. Ready to use in 48 days. Quick-growing, hardy Spinach, much planted for home and market use as well as for canning. The glossy green leaves are of a very heavy texture and intensely crinkled and blistered. Remains in the rosette stage for a long time without bolting; this characteristic adapts it to later Spring planting. Also can be sown in the Fall. Easy to harvest, easy to clean.

Pkt. 10c; oz. 25c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 75c

NEW ZEALAND. Ready to use in 70 days. The Cut-and-Come-Again Spinach. This plant when prepared for the table so greatly resembles Spinach in appearance and flavor that most people will not be aware of the difference. It produces strong plants which resist heat and give an abundance of rich green foliage all during the Summer and Fall. Sends out fresh growth continuously after being cut, so that a supply of greens may be had until frost destroys the plants. Both the young stem tips and leaves are fleshy and brittle and of the finest quality when cooked. Plants attain a spread of 4 feet when fully grown.

Pkt. 15c; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. 35c; oz. 60c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. \$1.75

SQUASH

CULTURE: Plant in May when the ground is warm and dry, in hills 5 to 6 feet apart for the bush varieties and 6 to 8 feet apart for the running varieties. Sow seven to eight seeds to the hill and thin out to three plants. Cover seed with 1 inch of soil

SUMMER SQUASH

One packet will plant 6 to 8 hills; 1 ounce, 30 hills

EARLY YELLOW PROLIFIC. Ready to use in 50 days. This is a dwarf Summer Squash. The fruits are very attractive and smooth; smaller than the old Straightneck. The vine is dwarf, extremely prolific and early. This is a very profitable kind for market and excellent for the home garden, as a few plants will give an abundance of finest quality Summer Squash if the young fruits are kept picked.

Pkt. 10c; oz. 25c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 75c

DARK GREEN ZUCCHINI. Special Long Strain. Ready to use in 65 days. This new strain of bush Vegetable Marrow is very even in size and has a solid dark green skin with no light gray or light striped fruits. Best if picked when 8 to 10 inches long or smaller. These Squash are delicious cut lengthwise and baked with a strip of bacon on each piece.

Pkt. 10c; oz. 30c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 85c

NON-WARRANTY

Lohrman Seed Co. gives no warranty, expressed or implied, as to description, quality, productiveness or any other matter of any seeds, bulbs or plants we send out, and will not be responsible for the crop.

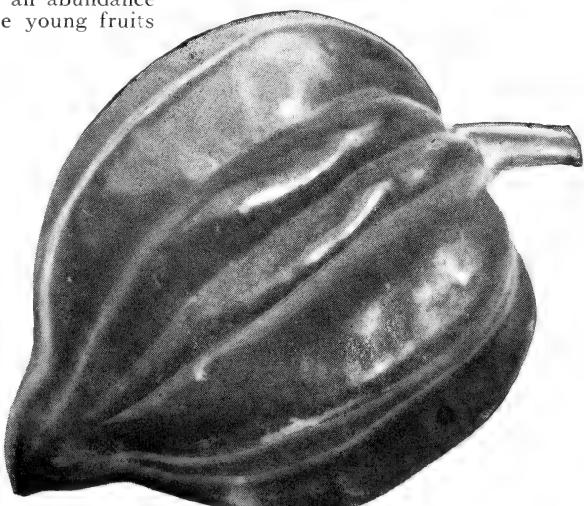


Table Queen Winter Squash

WINTER SQUASH

*One packet will plant 6 to 8 hills;
1 ounce, 30 hills*

TABLE QUEEN. Ready to use in 100 days. The "individual" Squash, also known as Acorn, Des Moines and Queen Anne. This handsome little Squash is the most popular kind for individual baking because of its very fine quality. The fruits are dark green, 4 to 5 inches in diameter, deeply ribbed and with a smooth hard shell. A very convenient size for baking and serving in the shell. The flesh is deep yellow, sweet, of fine flavor, dry and free from stringiness. The Squash will keep all Winter and should be allowed to ripen thoroughly before using. This strain is very uniform in size, type and color. The vines are of the "runner" type and very prolific.

Pkt. 10c; oz. 30c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 85c

IMPROVED WARTED HUBBARD, Dark Green.

Ready to use in 104 days. The most widely grown green Squash. Produces large dark green fruit covered with warts. Noted for its keeping quality.

Pkt. 10c; oz. 35c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. \$1.00



Lucullus Swiss Chard

SWISS CHARD

One packet of seed will sow 15 feet of row; 1 ounce, 50 feet

Swiss Chard is really a beet grown for its leaves. The entire leaf may be boiled and served as spinach or the midrib cooked alone; either way it is excellent. Sown in the Spring, the leaves are soon ready to eat, and if cut will continue to grow and produce tender young leaves all Summer and Fall. If given a little protection it will survive the Winter and make unusually good greens early in the Spring.

CULTURE: Sow the seed in April in drills $1\frac{1}{2}$ feet apart and cover $1\frac{1}{2}$ inches deep. Thin to 6 inches apart.

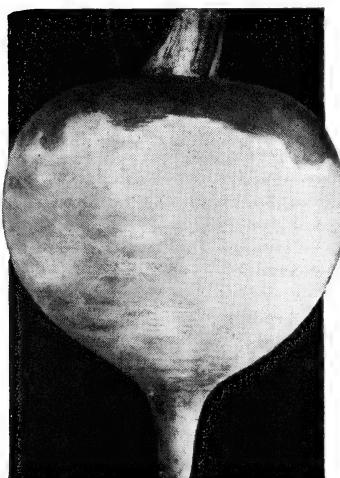
LUCULLUS. The best variety. Ready to use in about 40 days. The leaves are dark green, very large, much curled, thick of texture and quite tender, making excellent boiling greens. The stems are pure white, broad and thick, and make an unusual vegetable when cooked separately.

Pkt. 10c; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. 20c; oz. 35c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. \$1.00

TURNIP

One packet will sow 50 feet of row; 1 ounce, 200 feet

CULTURE: For early Turnips, sow $\frac{1}{2}$ inch deep as soon as the ground is open in the Spring, in rows 18 inches apart. Thin out to 6 inches in the row. As Turnips are generally grown for Fall and Winter use, they are better planted in July.



Purple-Top White Globe Turnip

PURPLE-TOP WHITE GLOBE. Special Strain. The Turnips are large, globe shaped, pure white, with purple tops. They are very handsome in appearance, yield fine crops and mature early. This is an excellent variety for table use and the best white one to grow.

Pkt. 10c; oz. 20c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 60c

SEVEN TOP. The best variety for greens. The tops grow rapidly and in great abundance. The foliage is nearly twice that of ordinary Turnips and is of mild, pleasant flavor when cooked. The roots are flattened, pure white and fine quality.

Pkt. 10c; oz. 20c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 60c

1893-1943 -- Our 50th Year!

This year will prove to be the most useful in our history if we persuade you to plant a home vegetable garden, for then you will be doing yourself and your Government an invaluable service. As always, you can rely on us for the best quality seeds and plants, and expert garden advice given willingly.

TOMATOES

One packet will produce about 150 plants; 1 ounce, 2000 plants

CULTURE: Sow the seed in hotbeds in March and when about 2 inches high, set the plants about 4 inches apart, in boxes or pot singly. After all danger of frost is past, transplant to the open ground. Set deep and about 4 feet apart.

VICTOR. New; extra early; smooth and solid. Ready to use 60 days from plants. This variety ripens large clusters of fruit when other extra-early kinds have only one or two. The fruits are

good size (average over 4½ ounces), light green when young, changing to a bright red all over, smooth and handsome and with no green spots. Firm, solid and of excellent quality. The vine is of the sturdy, determinate type, which can be planted close together (2 to 3 feet is recommended) thus producing a much larger yield of early fruit.

Pkt. 15c; ½oz. 60c; oz. \$1.00

BONNY BEST. Ready to use 70 days from plants. The fruits are of medium size, bright scarlet, always smooth, uniform in size and shape.

Pkt. 10c; ½oz. 45c; oz. 75c

RUTGERS. Ready to use 75 days from plants. We consider Rutgers the finest maincrop Tomato grown today. The fruit is large, globe shaped, deep red all over, and the flesh is deep red, very solid and of most superior quality. The vines are strong and sturdy, producing an enormous quantity of fine fruit. This is an unusually good kind for home preserving, as the fruit remains firm and solid when canned. Makes excellent Tomato juice. An early main-crop variety.

Pkt. 15c; ½oz. 60c; oz. \$1.00

JUBILEE. All-America Bronze Medal Winner, 1943. Ready to use 72 days from plants. A new orange-yellow Tomato which compares favorably with the best of the standard red varieties in shape, quality, and solidity. Fruits are bright orange-yellow, globular, weigh about 6 ounces; the orange-colored interior is thick-walled, with few seeds. Makes delicious juice of unusual and attractive color. Very high in vitamins A and C.

Pkt. 15c; ½oz. 60c; ½oz. \$1.10; oz. \$2.00

LATE TOMATO

PONDEROSA. Ready to use 85 days from plants. Largest late variety. Purplish pink; meaty.

Pkt. 15c; ½oz. 45c; oz. 85c

SMALL-FRUITED TOMATOES

Used principally for preserving.

Red Cherry
Yellow Plum

Red Plum
Yellow Pear

All small-fruited Tomatoes, pkt. 15c; ½oz. 60c; oz. 95c.

We will have Tomato plants available around May 10.

WATERMELON

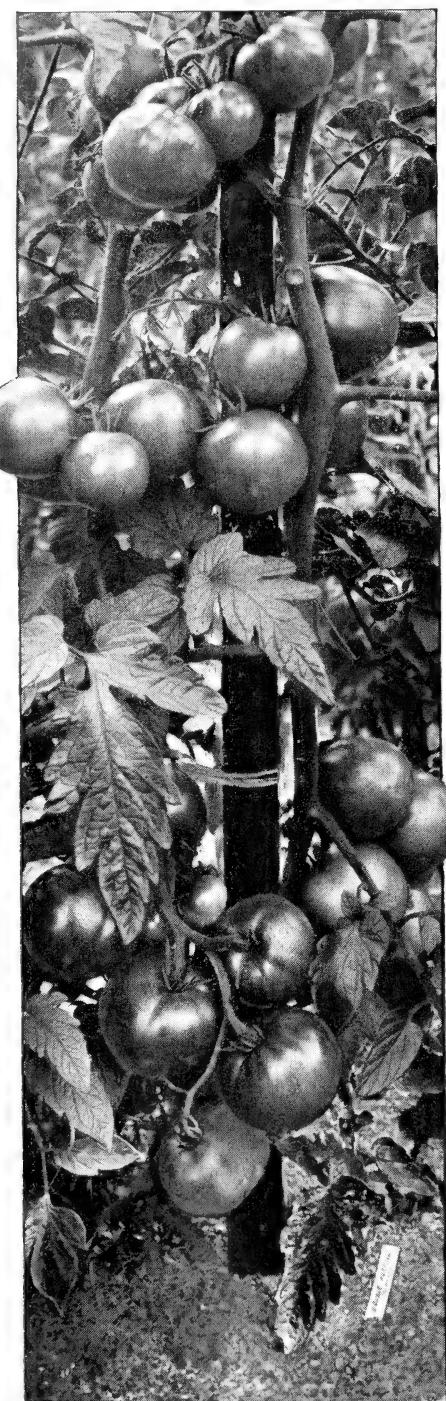
One packet will plant 10 hills; 1 ounce, 30 hills

CULTURE: Same as Muskmelon, except that the hills should be 8 feet apart each way.

HARRIS' EARLIEST. Ready to use in 80 days. Very early. Medium-sized, nearly round, dark green fruits with light stripes and deep pink flesh.

Pkt. 10c; oz. 20c; ¼lb. 60c

Rutgers Tomatoes



Dress Up Your Victory Garden with a Few Easy-to-Grow ANNUAL FLOWERS



Plant these as a border or hedge in your Victory Garden or plot. They will help make the garden work more enjoyable as well as supply plenty of cut-flowers for the table.

Full cultural directions on each packet



Aster

Alyssum

The quickest and easiest-growing, and longest-blooming edging plant with tiny white sweet-scented flowers all Summer.

Little Gem. Unexcelled for white edging. The most upright plants are small round mounds about 6 inches high and 10 inches across. Pkt. 10c; ½oz. 60c; oz. \$1.15.

American Branching Asters

Also called Late Branching. The flowers are full double, large, and on long stiff stems ideal for cutting.

Variety Mixture. A well-balanced mixture of all colors. Pkt. 15c; large pkt. 40c.

Ageratum

Bushy plants with attractive, floss-like flowers in profusion.

Midget Blue. A.A.S., 1940. Very dwarf—only 3 to 4 inches tall—with a dense spread of 12 inches, producing tufts of azure-blue flowers. Very compact plant. Pkt. 25c; large pkt. 60c.

Cornflower (Bachelor Button)

Double Blue Turban. An excellent selection with a large percentage of double flowers, fine deep blue in color. A good cut-flower. Pkt. 25c; large pkt. 60c.

Cleome

Gigantea, Pink Queen. A showy annual producing curious heads of pink, spider-like flowers. Pkt. 25c; large pkt. 60c.

Cosmos

These beautiful annuals should be more universally grown. The new early-flowering type blooms before frost and is unexcelled for cutting.

Sensation, Mixed. Including white and pink tones. Pkt. 15c; large pkt. 40c.

Four o'Clock

Bushy plants bearing an abundance of small petunia-like flowers in white and many bright colors. 2 feet.

Mixed. Pkt. 10c; oz. 50c.

Gourds

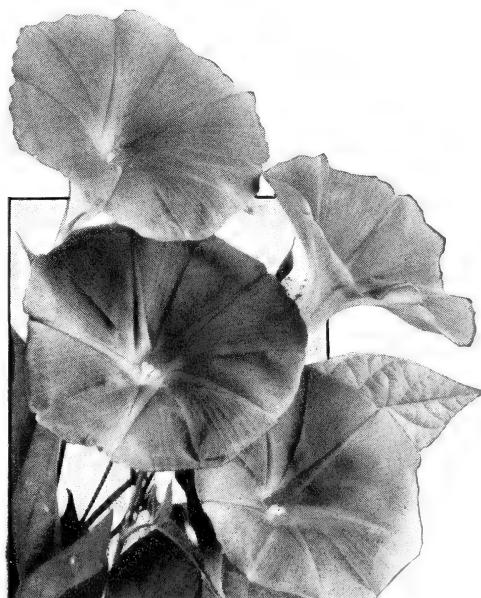
The flowers are often beautiful and the small fruits ornamental. Vine grows 10 to 20 feet high.

Small-fruited, Mixed. Pkt. 15c; large pkt. 40c.

Gypsophila (Baby's-Breath)

White panicles of bloom used for bouquets. 1 foot.

Elegans alba grandiflora. The London Market Strain. This is an improved large-flowering pure white variety of free, easy growth. Pkt. 10c; oz. 40c.



Morning-Glory



Marigold, Sunset Giants

Larkspur (Annual Delphinium)

These are adorned with finely cut, feathery foliage of soft green which sets off to advantage the handsome spikes. 3 feet.

Lohrman's Imperial Special Mixed. A fine mixture including all shades and many rare colors. Pkt. 25c; large pkt. 60c.

Marigolds

No other flowers supply such a wealth of color in the garden in late Summer and Fall. They are easily grown in ordinary garden soil in a sunny location. A fine cut-flower, keeping in good condition a long time.

Gigantea, Sunset Giants. Large sweet-scented flowers in all shades of yellow and orange. Highly recommended. Early flowering. 4 feet. Pkt. 25c; large pkt. 60c.

Dwarf French Marigolds

Harmony, New Double Hybrids. A new range of colors in this ever-popular variety; in orange, golden yellow and lemon-yellow. Plants grow 12 to 14 inches high. Pkt. 25c; large pkt. 60c.



Pansies, Lohrman's Swiss Giants



Petunia, Lohrman's Ruffled Monster

Morning-Glory

Scarlett O'Hara. Gold Medal, A.A.S., 1939. Height 12 to 15 feet. Entirely distinct. Early-blooming, self-colored, Cornelian-red, $3\frac{1}{2}$ -inch flowers that remain open until mid-afternoon. Pkt. 25c; large pkt. 60c.

Heavenly Blue Improved. This is an extra-early-blooming strain of this enormously popular and much sought-after annual climber. Its extremely early-flowering habit, its compact growth and its true heavenly blue color make it distinct and infinitely superior to all other strains. Pkt. 25c; large pkt. 60c.

Pearly Gates. Silver Medal, A.A.S., 1942. A pure white form of the famous Heavenly Blue. Grows 12 feet tall, with large, pure white flowers and luxuriant foliage. Pkt. 25c; large pkt. 60c.

VICTORY COLLECTION :

1 pkt. each of the above Red, White and Blue varieties for . . . **65c**

Nasturtiums

Gleam Hybrids. Semi-trailing, 3 to 5 feet. A brilliant mixture of six to eight distinct color types, and attractively variegated combinations. Pkt. 15c; oz. 50c.

Nicotiana

Affinis Hybrids, Mixed. Brilliant colors, including many fine shades of rose, red, crimson, and creamy white; delightfully fragrant. $2\frac{1}{2}$ feet. Pkt. 10c; large pkt. 25c.

Pansy

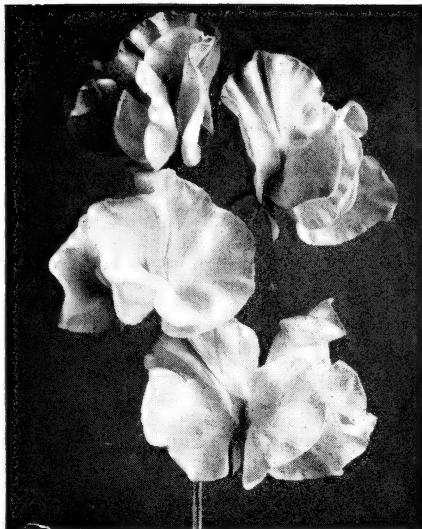
Lohrman's Special Selected Swiss Giants. This magnificent blend of rare colors far surpasses in quality and range any mixture of Swiss Giants. The plants appear more compact than the usual Swiss Giants, and most of the flowers are beautifully frilled. Pkt. 25c; large pkt. 60c.

Portulaca (Moss Rose)

An edging plant with glossy, cup-shaped, single and double flowers, about 1 inch across. Fine for rock-garden and edgings.

Single Mixed. Pkt. 15c; large pkt. 40c.

Double Mixed. Pkt. 15c; large pkt. 40c.



Sweet Pea

Petunia

Single Bedding, Dwarf Special Mixed. Large, single flowers, blotched and striped in all the Petunia colors. Pkt. 10c; large pkt. 25c.

Lohrman's Giant Ruffled Monsters, Mixed. Enormous flowers in an array of beautiful colors. Pkt. 25c; large pkt. 60c.

Lohrman's Special Red, White and Blue Mixture. A carefully blended mixture of three varieties that will bloom at the same time, on plants of the same height. Pkt. 15c; large pkt. 40c.

Salpiglossis (Painted-Tongue)

Graceful, velvety, lily-like flowers, veined in gold. Pleasing variety of colors. 2 feet.

Dwarf Improved Large-flowering. New type of branching habit, making them ideally suited for bedding purposes. Mixed colors. Pkt. 15c; large pkt. 40c.

Scabiosa (Pincushion-Flower)

Lohrman's Imperial Hybrids, Mixed. Large, double flowers on tall stems. Beautiful colors. Pkt. 15c; large pkt. 40c.

Snapdragon (Antirrhinum), Rustproof Super-Giants

Height 2 to 3 feet. Large individual flowers well spaced on strong stems. The best type for outdoor culture.

Splendid Mixture. All colors. Pkt. 15c; large pkt. 40c.

Sweet Peas

Sow the seed in April if weather will permit, in a trench about 6 inches deep, covering with an inch of firmly pressed soil and gradually filling in as the plants grow.

Lohrman's Selected Mixture. Mixed by us from selected named varieties, including many of the newer shades. Pkt. 10c; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. 20c; oz. 35c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. \$1.00.

COLLECTION OF SWEET PEAS 50c
1 pkt. each of 6 varieties for . . .

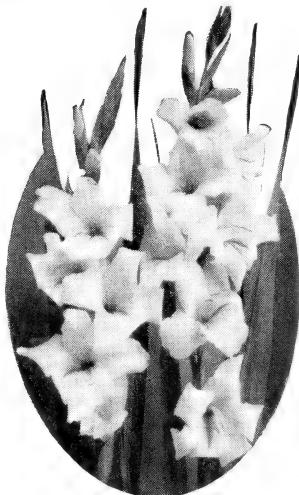


Dahlia-flowered Zinnia

Zinnias

Lohrman's Own Dependable Blend of Giant Dahlia-flowered Zinnias. An unusual blend of all the better named varieties in an harmonious array of color. No magenta, lavender, or pale pink. Sow a liberal quantity of this mixture outdoors for an abundance of cut-flowers throughout the Summer. Pkt. 15c; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz. 50c; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. 90c; oz. \$1.50.

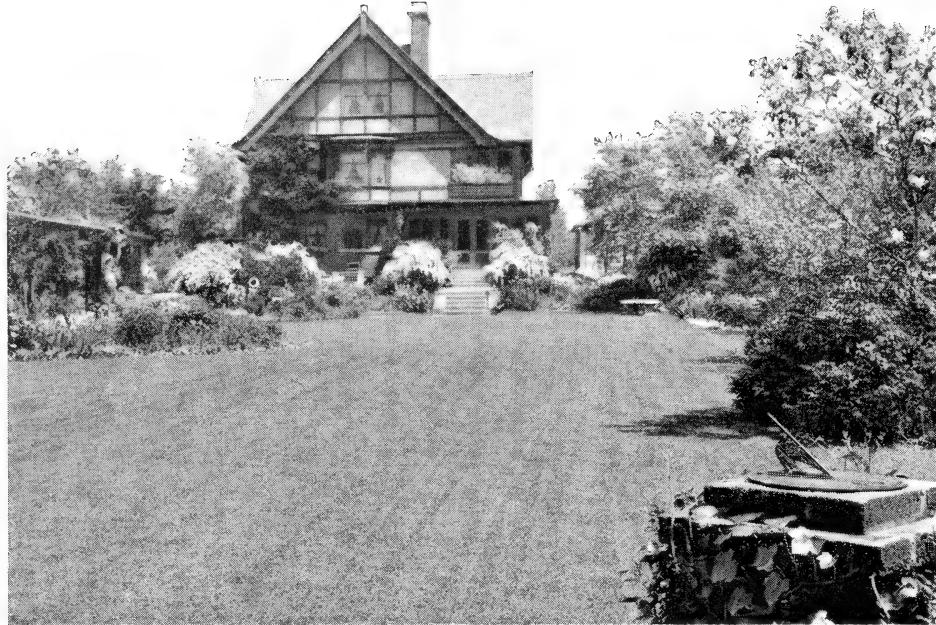
COLLECTION of Dahlia-flowered ZINNIAS: 1 pkt. each of 6 varieties for **50c**



Gladiolus

If you are looking for the most satisfactory flower, and at the same time the one easiest to grow, you should plant Gladiolus. There are no finer flowers for cutting, and they make a brilliant display in the garden during August and September.

Lohrman's Golden Jubilee Mixture. The mixture is carefully blended with the finest newer varieties as well as the old favorites. All the brilliant colors and the beautiful pastel shades are included. All large No. 1 bulbs, grown in a thrip-free section. Plant a quantity of these attractive garden flowers at intervals during the season to insure a succession of blooms well into the fall. Doz. 50c; 100 bulbs \$3.50.



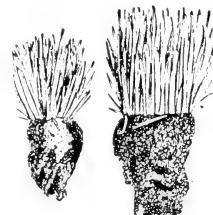
To Be Sure of a Luxuriant, Velvety Lawn—Sow

LOHRMAN'S EVERGREEN LAWN SEED

Hormonized with ROOTONE for Quicker, Thicker Root Growth!

America's finest lawn mixture, containing the best recleaned grasses, free from weeds and chaff. Michigan State Grade A mixture. Hormonized with Rootone to induce quicker germination and more vigorous root growth, thus fortifying the lawn against Summer drought and producing a thick turf that will discourage weeds. For established lawns, sow 1 pound to 400 square feet. For new lawns, sow 1 lb. to 200 square feet.

Lb. 60c; 3 lbs. \$1.75; 5 lbs. \$2.85;
10 lbs. \$5.60



SHADY PLACE MIXTURE

Grasses especially adapted for use in the shade or under trees. Hormonized with Rootone for quicker, thicker root growth.

Lb. 70c; 3 lbs. \$2.05; 5 lbs. \$3.40

SEASIDE BENT or CREEPING BENT

The plant is dwarf and it multiplies rapidly by sending out runners in all directions. The turf becomes matted, and if damaged, it heals over promptly.

Lb. \$1.25; 3 lbs. \$3.70; 5 lbs. \$6.00

LOHRMAN SEED CO.

MACOMB AT BRUSH, DETROIT
PHONE: RANDOLPH 1701

Horticultural Specialists for 50 Years

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NOTE: Lohrman Seed Co. gives no warranty, express or implied, as to description, quality, productiveness or any other matter of any seeds, bulbs or plants we send out, and will not be responsible for the crop.

Do not forget to include 3% Michigan Sales Tax in your remittance

PLEASE BE SURE TO FILL IN YOUR NAME AND ADDRESS ON FRONT PAGE

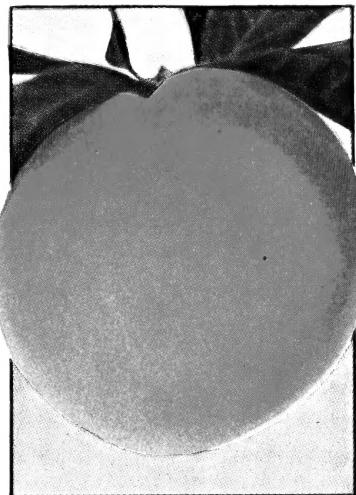
Extra-Large Quick-Crop FRUIT TREES

Northern-Grown. Have Fruit a Year Sooner!



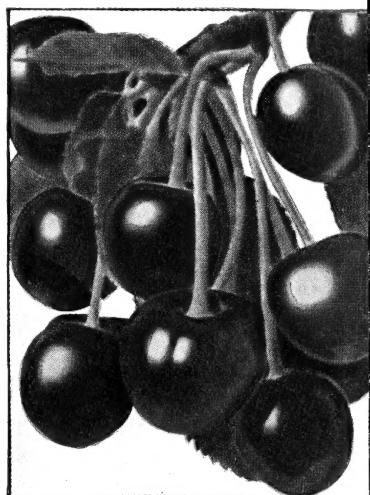
MONTMORENCY SOUR CHERRY

America's greatest pie Cherry. Rich red berries packed with delicious juice. Tree 1 1/4 in. diameter, **\$1.59 each.**



HALE HAVEN PEACH

Golden yellow. A freestone, perfectly self-pollinating variety. Hardy, heavy yielder. Heavy 5 to 7-ft. stock, **89c each.**



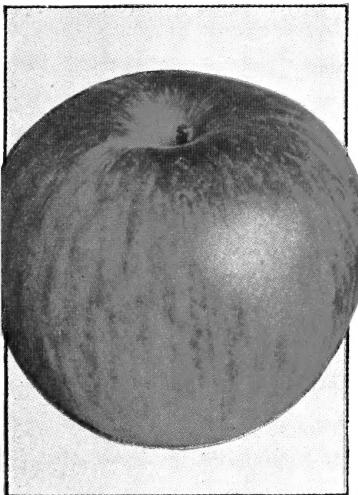
BLACK TARTARIAN SWEET CHERRY

Very large, purplish black, juicy; rich, excellent flavor. Very productive. Stock 1 1/8-in. diameter, **\$1.49 each.**

ELBERTA PEACH. Large, yellow with red cheek. Flesh yellow, firm and juicy. Sure bearer. 5 to 7-ft. stock, **89c each.**

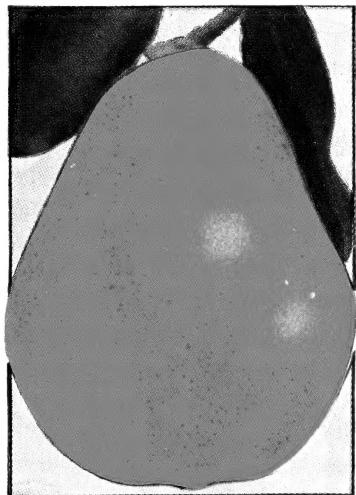
UNDERWOOD RED PLUM. Violet-red juicy fruit, hardy and exceedingly productive. Favorite for canning. 5 to 7-ft. stock, **\$1.49 each.**

STANLEY BLUE PRUNE PLUM. Large-size blue Plum, very sweet and freestone. Good for eating and canning. 5 to 7-ft. stock, **\$1.49 each.**



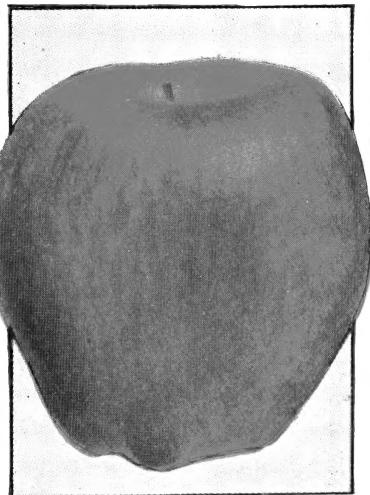
WEALTHY APPLE

Early fall. Large fruit, brilliant red. Juicy, refreshing wine-like flavor. Extra-heavy 7 to 8-ft. stock, **\$1.29 each.**



BARTLETT PEAR

Large, yellow, waxy Pear, rich and juicy. Finest for eating and canning. Heavy 5 to 7-ft. stock, **\$1.19 each.**



RED DELICIOUS APPLE

Late fall. Large, bright red; flesh white, rich, melting. Juicy. Extra-heavy 7 to 8-ft. stock, **\$1.29 each.**

RED MCINTOSH APPLE. Late fall. Medium size; dark red; flesh white, tender, juicy and crisp. Extra-heavy 7 to 8-ft. stock, **\$1.29 each.**

DUCHESS APPLE. Late summer. Striped yellow and red. Rich flavor; excellent cooker. Extra-heavy 7 to 8-ft. stock, **\$1.29 each.**

DELIVERY NOTE. FRUIT TREES, BUSHES AND VINES DELIVERED IN DETROIT AREA ONLY

— No Express or Mail Orders —

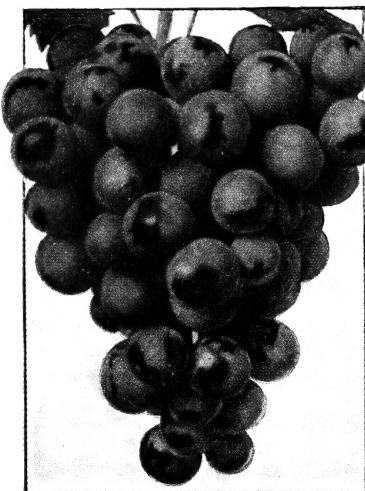
SMALL FRUITS for the HOME GARDEN

Extra-quick-bearing Grapes and Berries



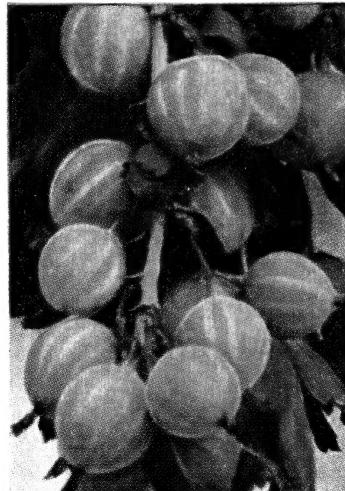
PERFECTION RED Currant

Best for jams and jellies. Vigorous, productive bushes; large, juicy berries. Bundle of 3 bushes, **73c.**



CONCORD BLUE GRAPE

The best blue-black Grape, excellent for eating, juice, jams, jellies. Bundle of 3 vines, **54c.**



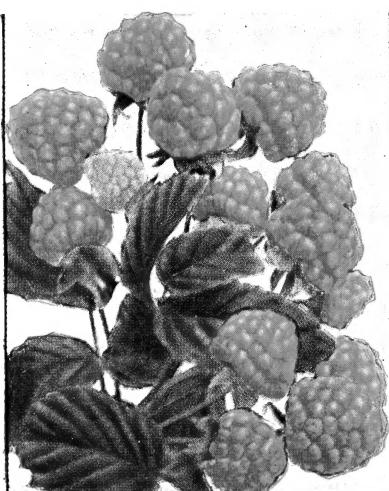
DOWNING GOOSEBERRY

Very prolific bushes. Large, pale green berries, grand for cooking and canning. 3 bushes, **89c.**

AGAWAM RED GRAPE. Huge bunches of large red berries. Bundle of 3 vines, **54c.**

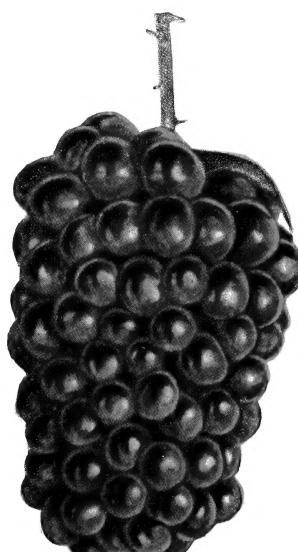
NIAGARA WHITE GRAPE. The favorite white Grape. Large berries. Bundle of 3 vines, **54c.**

GOLDEN MUSCAT GRAPE. Most delicious flavor of any Grape. Large, brilliant yellow berries; large bunches. **\$1.00 per vine.**



LATHAM RED RASPBERRY

Brilliant red berries of good quality, for eating and canning. Heavy bearers. Bundle of 10 bushes, **73c.**



DELICIOUS BOYSENBERRY

Immense, tangy berries with few seeds. Best for eating fresh, pies, canning. Bundle of 5 bushes, **73c.**



CUMBERLAND BLACK RASPBERRY

Large, firm, high-quality fruit. Most reliable Blackberry for home canning. Bundle of 10 bushes, **73c.**

ELDORADO BLACKBERRY. Enormous, very sweet berries. Bundle of 5 bushes, **73c.**

DELIVERY NOTE. FRUIT TREES, BUSHES AND VINES DELIVERED IN DETROIT AREA ONLY

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